

1. Fuerza

$$\boxed{\vec{F} = K \frac{Qq}{r^2} \vec{u}_r} \quad K = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \quad \boxed{\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{F}}{q}} = K \frac{Q}{r^2} \vec{u}_r$$

2. Energía potencial

$$T_{A \rightarrow B} = -\Delta E_p \quad E_p(\infty) = 0 \quad E_p(A) = T_{A \rightarrow \infty}$$
$$E_p(A) = \int_A^\infty \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \int_A^\infty K \frac{Qq}{r^2} dr = -K \frac{Qq}{r_\infty} + K \frac{Qq}{r_A} = K \frac{Qq}{r_A}$$

$$\boxed{E_p = K \frac{Qq}{r}} \quad \boxed{V = \frac{E_p}{q}} = K \frac{Q}{r}$$

$$T_{A \rightarrow B} = E_p(A) - E_p(B) = q(V_A - V_B)$$

3. Equipotenciales

$$dT = d\vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} \quad qE dr \cos \alpha = 0 \quad \boxed{\vec{E} \perp d\vec{r}}$$

4. Relación entre intensidad y potencial

$$T_{A \rightarrow B} = q(V_A - V_B) = \int_A^B q\vec{E} \cdot d\vec{r} \quad -\Delta V = \int_A^B E dr \cos \alpha \quad -dV = E dr \cos \alpha$$

$$\boxed{E \cos \alpha = -\frac{dV}{dr}}$$

5. Gauss

$$\boxed{\Phi = \vec{E} \cdot \vec{S}} \quad \Phi = \int_s \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S}$$

$$\Phi = \int_s E dS \cos \alpha = \int_s \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \frac{q}{r^2} dS \cos \alpha = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon} \int_s d\Omega = \frac{q}{4\pi\epsilon} 4\pi \quad \boxed{\Phi = \frac{q}{\epsilon}}$$

6. Aplicaciones de Gauss

$$\text{Placa cargada : } \Phi_{cilindro} = 2\vec{S} \cdot \vec{E} \quad q = \sigma S \quad 2SE = \frac{q}{\epsilon} \quad E = \frac{\sigma}{2\epsilon}$$

$$\text{Esfera cargada : } \Phi_{esfera} = \int_s \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{S} = E4\pi r^2 \quad E4\pi r^2 = \frac{q}{\epsilon} \quad E = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon} \frac{q}{r^2}$$